

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

cen

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/829,492	04/22/2004	William J. Hansen	110074.90155	6933
26710 7590 12/12/2007 QUARLES & BRADY LLP 411 E. WISCONSIN AVENUE SUITE 2040 MILWAUKEE, WI 53202-4497			EXAMINER	
			WEIER, ANTHONY J .	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/12/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(a)			
Office Action Summany		Аррисацоп но.	Applicant(s)			
		10/829,492	HANSEN ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Anthony Weier	1794			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a sign of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Se	eptember 2007.				
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-20 is/are pending in the appearance of the above claim(s) 11-20 is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9) 🔲	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority L	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
12) a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
3) 🛭 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group I (claims 1-5 and 7-10) in the reply filed on 9/21/07 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, 2nd

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-5 and 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, it is not clear if the fluid described in line 8 is the grease previously recited or whether this is another intended fluid altogether.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by DE 19636123 (now "DE").

DE discloses an oven comprising a heating housing (2) with a heating chamber that may be used to heat grease emitting food; a drain at the base of the heating housing (40); two portable

receptacles (24 and 26) wherein same are eventually filled with grease to a predetermined fluid level (as same fills and the grease rises to the top of the receptacles) wherein a conduit (46, 22) is connected from the drain and extends into the receptacle and, therefore, within the predetermined fluid level (i.e. the top) of the receptacle or receptacles. It should be further noted that DE discloses a drip pan associated with and sloped toward the drain (8).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DE (as applied above).

Claim 7 further calls for said receptacle to have a spout for delivering grease to a grease drainage site. It should be noted that it is notoriously well known to include spouts in receptacles employed for pouring contents in another area. Since DE further discloses disposing the receptacle contents, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included said spout to facilitate better control during pouring of the contents from the receptacle.

7. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DE (as applied above) taken together with Batten et al.

DE further discloses a valve in the conduit for controlling the fluid flow from the drain to the receptacle (20). The claims further call for the presence of a second drain for the removal of

non-grease condensation. Batten et al teaches a first drain for removal of grease and a second lower drain (22) which would inherently remove water and other non-grease condensation which exists below the grease which would float on top of the water. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have incorporated such second drain for better controlled removal of water and grease as well as to provide a drain for easier removal of all liquid contents when the need arises to clean the inside of the oven.

8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DE (as applied above) taken together with BR 9705607 (now "BR").

The claims further call for the use of a siphon tube for delivering accumulated grease to a grease drainage site. It is well known to employ siphon tubes in delivering grease from one place to another as taught, for example, in BR. Absent a showing of unexpected results, it would have been obvious to have incorporated such siphoning element in the apparatus of DE to facilitate even greater control of same should, for example, the receptacles overflow or to facilitate automatic removal of the grease from the receptacle in DE without having to handle or remove same.

9. Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DE (as applied above) taken together with DeSpain et al.

The claims further call for the use of a pump for delivering accumulated grease to a grease drainage site and a sensor control for disconnecting said pump when the grease level reaches a certain level. However, such systems of grease transfer and control are well known as taught, for example, by DeSpain et al wherein grease is transferred via pump from one receptacle to another and wherein the pump is deactivated using a sensor when the level of grease has reached

10/829,492

Art Unit: 1794

a certain height in the receiving receptacle. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have incorporated such technology in the apparatus of DE to facilitate even greater control of same should, for example, the receptacles overflow or to facilitate automatic removal of the grease from the receptacle in DE without having to handle or remove same.

Prior Art

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anthony Weier whose telephone number is 571-272-1409. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton Cano can be reached on 571-272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Anthony Weier Primary Examiner Art Unit 1794

Anthony Weier December 7, 2007

Enly